

Year Three

Unit 1 - Animals, including Humans

Unit 2 - Plants

Unit 3 - Rocks and Soils

Unit 4 - Light

Unit 5 - Forces and Magnets

Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Unit 1 - Animals, including Humans	Unit 2 - Plants	Unit 3 - Rocks and Soils	Unit 4 - Light	Forest	Unit 5 - Forces and Magnets

Unit 1 - Animals, including Humans
<ol style="list-style-type: none">LO: I can identify that humans have bones for support, protection and movement. <i>How does our skeleton help us?</i>LO: I can set up a simple practical enquiry. LO: I can communicate my results. <i>Do our bones affect what we can do?</i>LO: I can identify that humans have muscles for support, protection and movement. <i>What do our muscles do?</i>LO: I can identify that some other animals have bones for support, protection and movement. <i>Do all animals have the same skeleton?</i>

5. LO: I can understand that animals, including humans, need the right type of nutrition.
What types of nutrition do we need?

Unit 2 - Plants

1. LO: I can explore the requirements of plants for life and growth.
What do plants need?
2. LO: I can identify, locate and describe the function of different parts of flowering plants.
Do the different parts of the plant have a function?
3. LO: I can identify, locate and describe the function of the roots in plants.
How do plants transport water?
4. LO: I can explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination.
How do plants reproduce?
5. LO: I can explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including seed formation and seed dispersal.
How are seeds dispersed?

Unit 3 - Rocks and Soils

1. LO: I can compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance.
What are rocks?
2. LO: I can compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their physical properties.
Are all rocks the same?
3. LO: I can explain how some rocks are formed.

How are rocks formed?

4. LO: I can explain how the Earth is made up of different layers of rocks and soils.

Which rocks make up the Earth?

5. LO: I can investigate different soils.

What are soils?

6. LO: I can describe how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock.

How are fossils formed?

Unit 4 - Light

1. LO: I can recognise that there needs to be light in order to see things and that darkness is the absence of light.

What is a light source?

2. LO: I can notice that light is reflected from surfaces.

What is reflected light?

3. LO: I can recognise that light from the Sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect your eyes and skin from the Sun.

Is the Sun dangerous?

4. LO: I can recognise that shadows are formed when light from a light source is blocked by a opaque object.

LO: I know that shadows take on the shape of the opaque object.

LO: I can predict where a shadow will form in relation to an opaque object and a light source.

What is a shadow?

5. LO: I can find patterns in the way that the length of shadows change.

Does moving the light source above the object make the object's shadow longer?

6. LO: I can understand that light is reflected from surfaces (mirrors).

How do mirrors work?

Unit 5 - Forces and Magnets

1. LO: I can compare how different things move.

What is a force?

2. LO: I can plan and conduct a fair test to compare how objects move on different surfaces.

Do objects move the same on different surfaces?

3. LO: I can explore how magnetic forces act at a distance.

How do magnetic forces work?

4. LO: I can compare and group various everyday materials based on whether they are attracted to a magnet.

Which materials are magnetic?

5. LO: I can predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing.

Do magnets attract each other?

6. LO: I can record my findings using simple scientific vocabulary.

LO: I can use my results to draw simple conclusions.

Are all magnets the same strength?